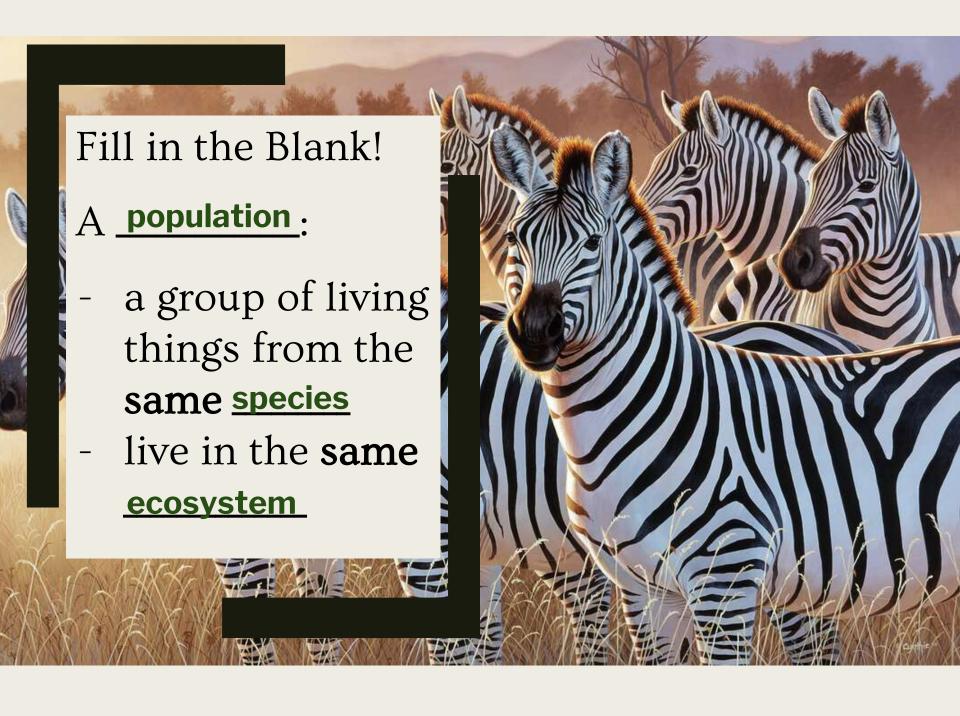
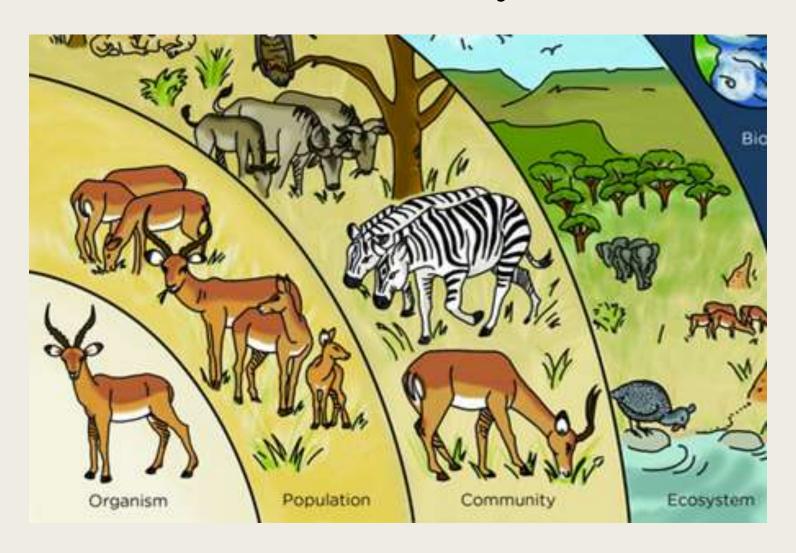


Population and Community in Ecosystems

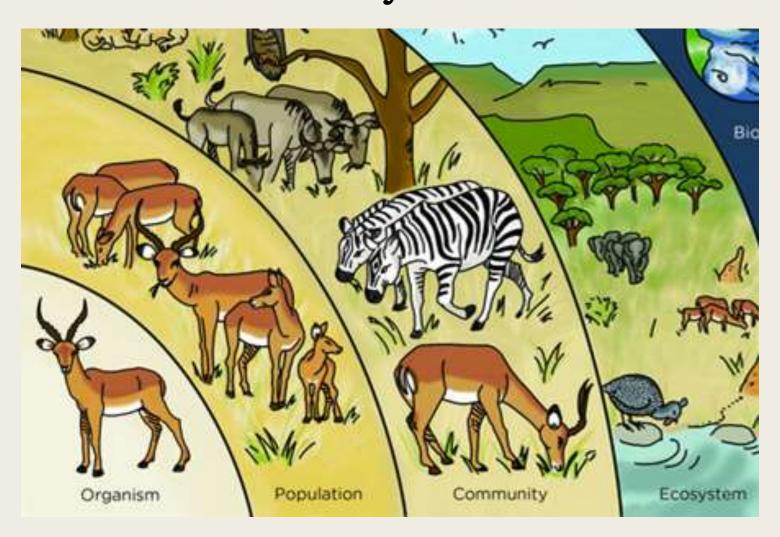




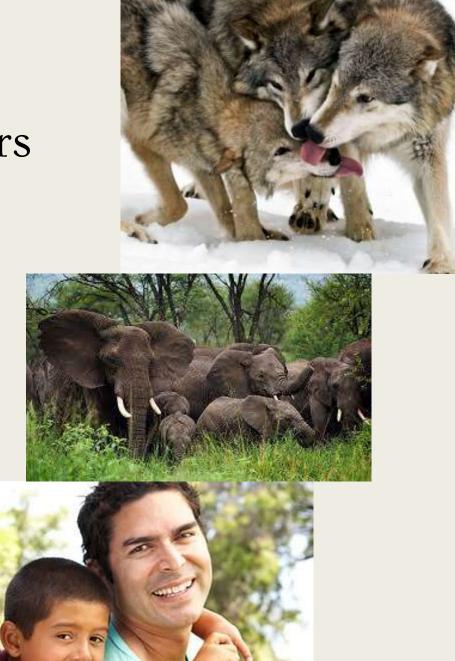
A **community** is a group of populations that live in the **same ecosystem**.



Fill in the Blank! A <u>community</u> is a group of <u>populations</u> that live in the <u>same</u> ecosystem.

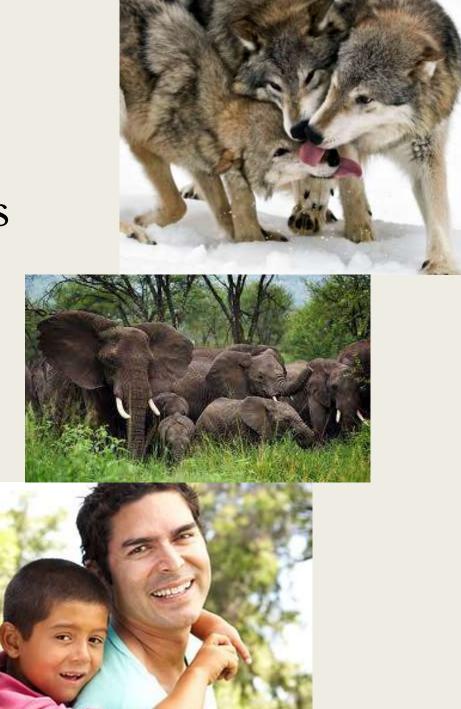


Relationships between members of the **same** species: **families** and **groups**



Fill in the Blank!

Relationships
between members
of the <u>same</u>
species: <u>families</u>
and <u>groups</u>



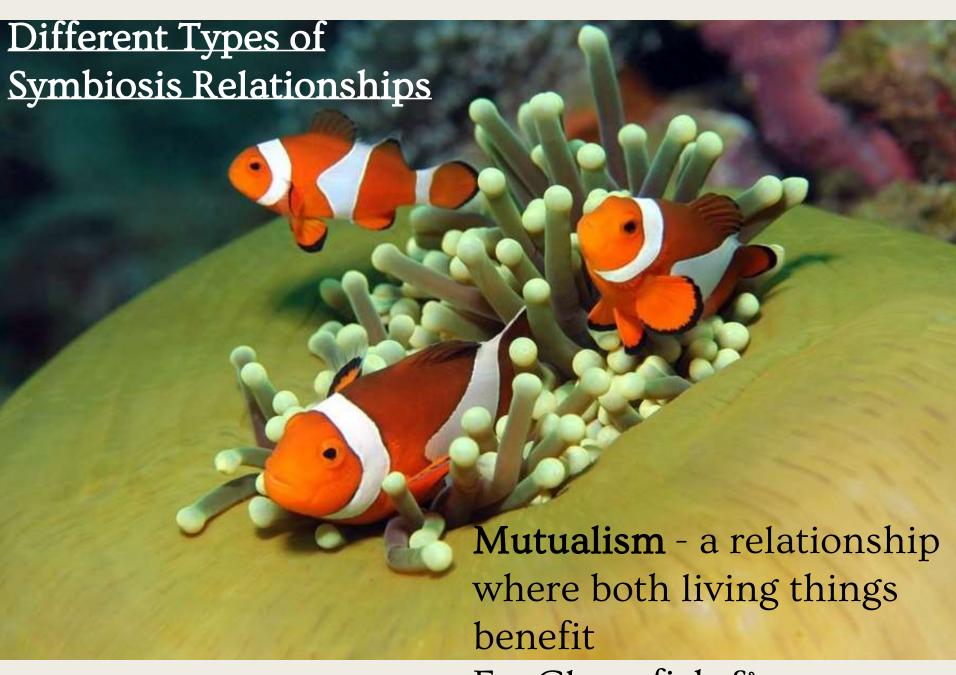


Relationships between members of different species, or two different types of living things, is called **symbiosis**.

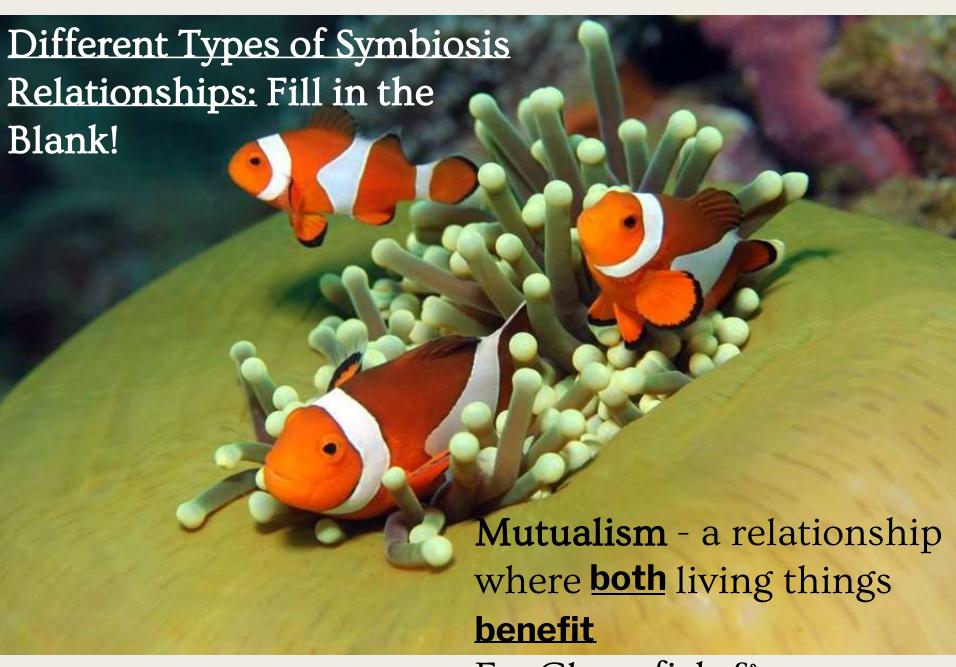


Fill in the Blank!

Relationships between members of different species, or two different types of living things, is called symbiosis.



Ex. Clownfish & anemone



Ex. Clownfish & anemone

Different Types of Symbiosis Relationships

Commensalism - a relationship where one living thing benefits and the other is not affected. Ex. Cattle & cattle egret



Different Types of Symbiosis Relationships Fill in the Blank!

Commensalism - a relationship where <u>one</u> living thing <u>benefits</u> and the other is not affected. Ex. Cattle & cattle egret



Different Types of Symbiosis Relationships

Parasitism - a relationship where one living thing benefits and the other is harmed.

Ex. Mosquitoes and humans



Different Types of Symbiosis Relationships Fill in the Blank!

Parasitism - a relationship where one living thing **benefits** and the other is **harmed**.

Ex. Mosquitoes and humans



In an ecosystem, some populations **feed** on other animals. For example, a frog eats a bug. The frog is the **predator**, and the bug is the **prey**.



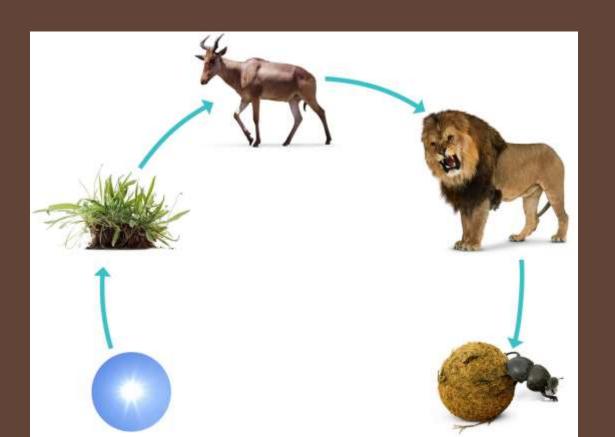
Fill in the Blank!

In an ecosystem, some populations <u>feed</u> on other animals. For example, a frog <u>eats</u> a bug. The frog is the <u>predator</u>, and the bug is the <u>prey</u>.



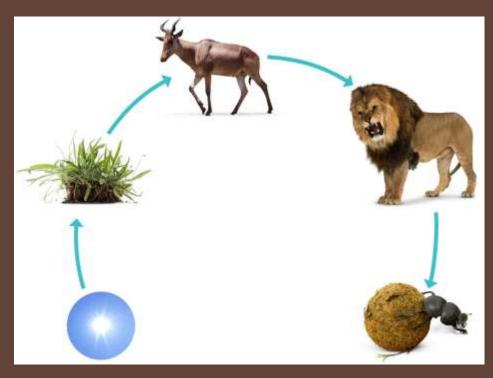
Food Chains

We use food chains to show how living things are related to each other through the food that they eat.



Food Chains

The **first link** is usually a plant because it makes its own food. The **second link** is usually a herbivore because they eat plants. The other links are carnivores or omnivores because they eat other animals.



Producers

Living things that make their own food. Ex. Plants



Primary Consumers Herbivores that eat producers. Ex. Rabbits and cows



Vocab:
Herbivores

=
herbivoros



Secondary Consumers

Carnivores and omnivores that eat primary consumers. Ex. Lions and bears Vocab: carnivores = carnívoros



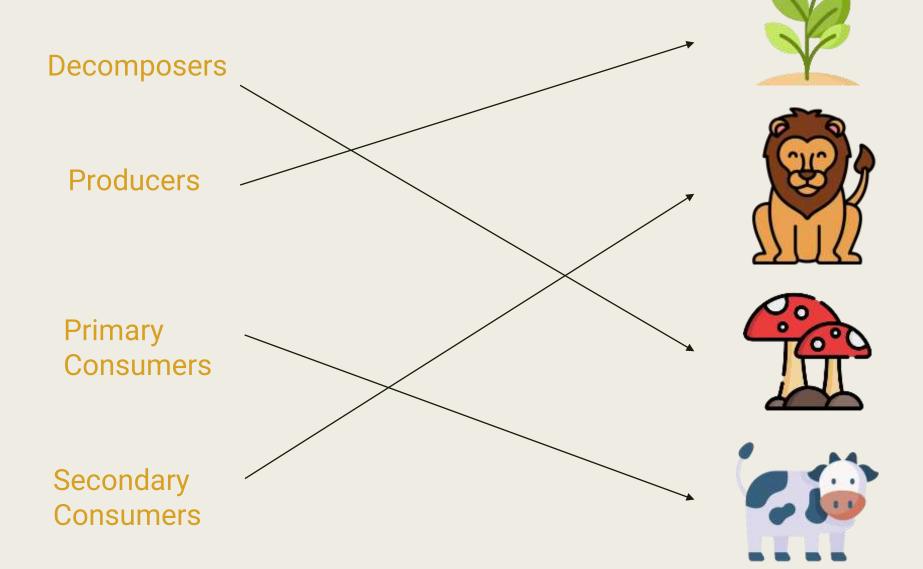


Decomposers

Living things that eat the remains of other living things. Ex. Fungi



MATCH TO THE PICTURE: Food Chains



Is this a producer, primary consumer, secondary consumer, or decomposer?





Primary Consumer!

Why?



Because it is a herbivore that eats producers!

What is it?



A mini highland cow!



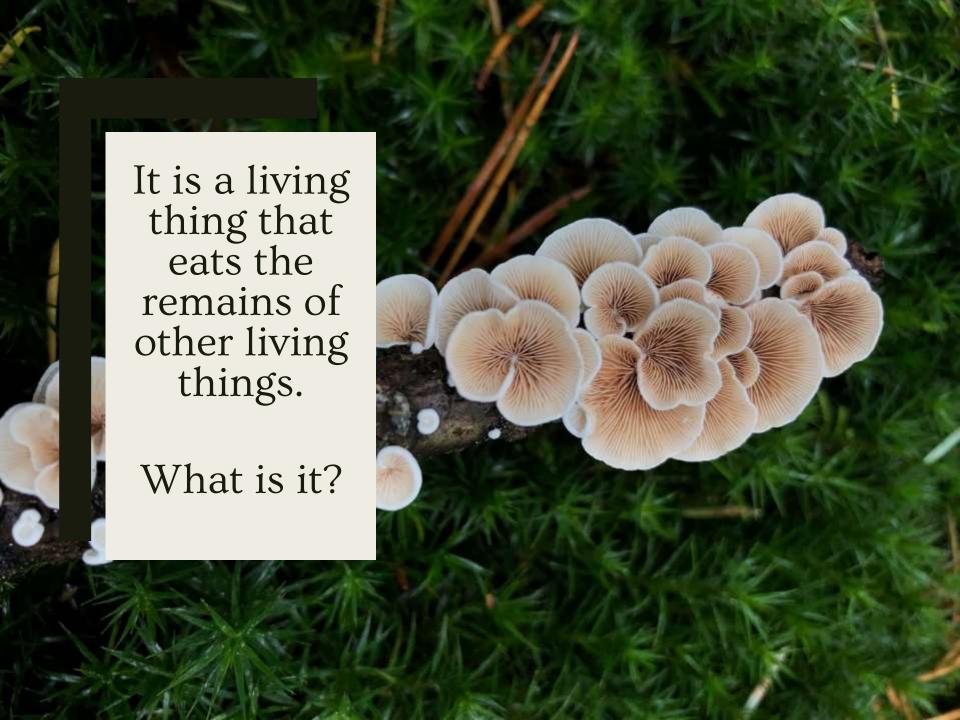






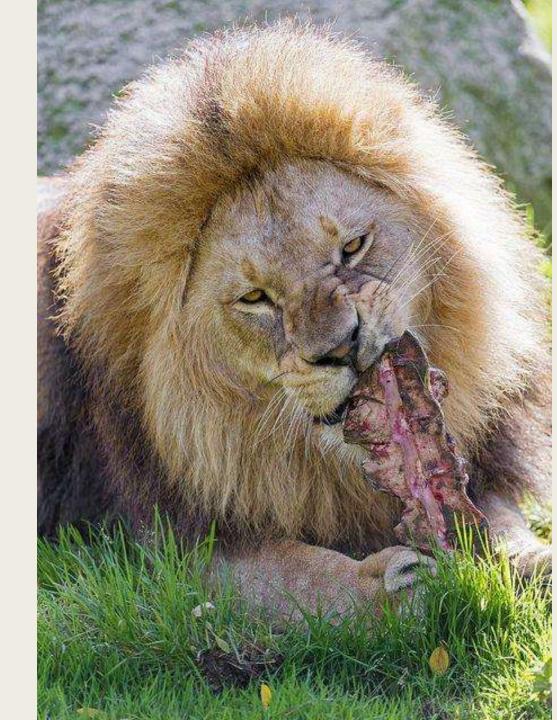








Is this a producer, primary consumer, secondary consumer, or decomposer?



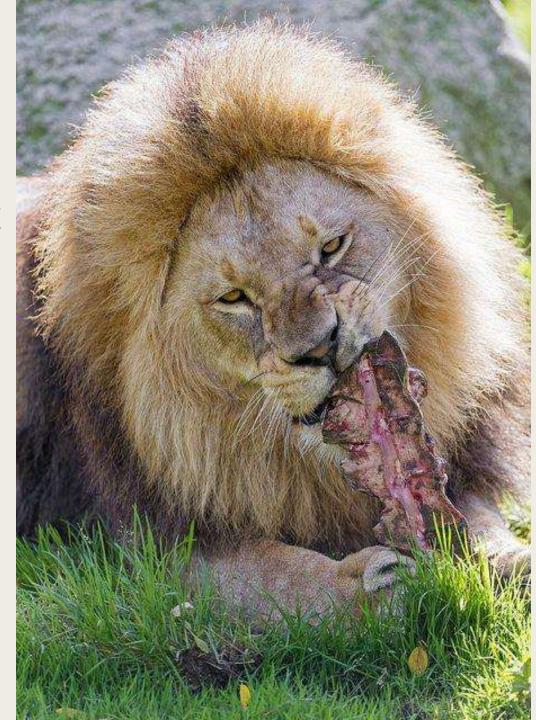
Secondary consumer!

Why?

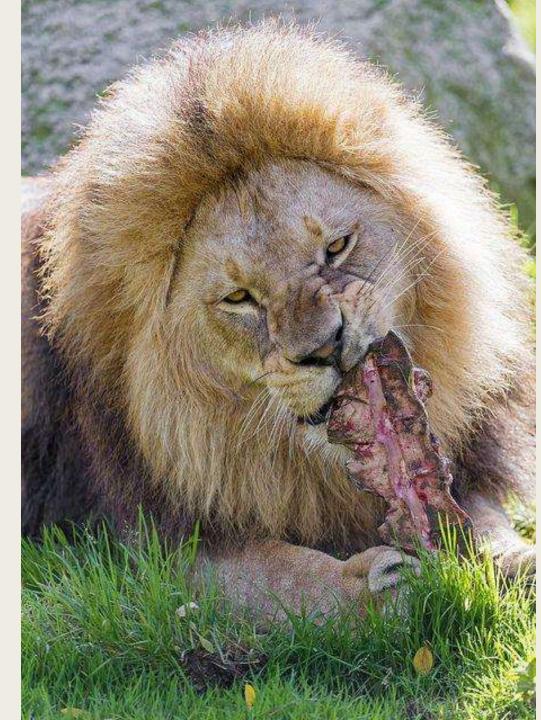


It is a carnivore that eats primary consumers (herbivores).

What is it?



Lion!



SYMBIOSIS



Pop Quiz! What is symbiosis?

SYMBIOSIS



Answer
Relationship between members of different species

SYMBIOSIS



Pop Quiz!
What are the 3 types of symbiosis relationships?

SYMBIOSIS



Answer Mutualism, Commensalism, Parasitism